

Volume 2 Issue 10

OCTOBER 1984

\$1.00

OCT. MEETING AND SWAP MEET CHANGED FROM 18th TO 25th!!!

WORD PROCESSOR CAN BE CUSTOMIZED BY T/S 1000/1500 USERS by

Norm Lehfeldt

Gordon Young couldn't find a word processor that would do what he wanted on T/S 1000/1500 machines so he wrote his own,

As Published *T/5 in Horizons, * No.'s 5, 6 and 7, the program, "WORM," offers:

- Easy entry of text with upper/lower case option.
 - 2. On-screen word wrap.
 - 3. Global editing/insertion.
- 4. Automatic formatting of the text into justified lines of any length you specify.
- 5. Auto-repeat on most KEYS (except punctuation marks).

Most available word processors for the earlier T/5 machines are structured to work only with the 2040 printer or some other specific hardware.

This one is different, Because drops from machine code back into BASIC for printing, it can easily accommodate whatever USR calls or LPRINT CHR\$ routines your printer and interface require.

this accommodation i S you are ready to create made. Whatever BASIC Print-formatting routines you need. As an example, I have added a line counter to this of the program so that it will COPY over the perforations to the top OF each page of fan-folded paper.

Some other Possible adaptations would be adding a Simple file-management program so that individualized Form letters and labels could be printed, or moiling rerhaps formatting to produce G standard letterhead at the top of each page. Even a format to fill out, a printed form could

possibilities devised. The are limited only ÞУ the user's imagination.

Another important advantage i 5 that "WORM" is compatible with fast LOAD/SAVE routines and With stringy/floppy and disc storage,

AS originally published, the program is compatible with the 2040 (Provided you don't call printer for Bore than 32 COLUMNS lower-case letters).

Drawbacks? Input response becomes sluggish when editing long files (6K is maximum); Screen format is a little quirky and hard to read; If you forget to put in end-of-text symbol, the program the wil crash with all of your text after one print-out.

Keying in and de-bugging 3K of machine code is a tedious task--and was made no easier by some transposed code in REM line 1 in "T/S Horizons" No. 5! A phone call to the author straigtened that out. But if you'd like to try "WORM," (and avoid all the hassle) you can order it on tape from:

> Gordon Young 4616 N. River Road, No. 27 Oceanside, CA 92056

Price is \$15.00.

TIMELINEZ (c) is the joint publication of three Timex/Sinclair User Groups in the San Francisco / Oakland / San Jose Bay Areas. Old and new members are always welcome so are experienced hardware and software hackers as well as beginners. Hope to see as beginners. Hope to YOU at our next meeting. pumekins by Walt Gaby



A call from the wild! Another good month. Keep your letters coming! As for me, my wife and I had a baby boy on September 16. So if I seem a bit tired, that's the reason. This month I will begin the first of two parts on the ROM character generator.

Character Generator BASIC ROM—Table. The character generator table in the BASIC ROM is a set of $8 \times 64 = 512$ bytes beginning at address 7680(1E00H) and ending at address 8191(1FFFH). There are 64 characters defined for the T/S 1000 in the table. Each set of 8 bytes names one character. Stack the 8 bytes, one on top of the other, and you will see how the character is "drawn."

Let's look at an example. If you were to PEEK bytes 7680 to 7687 you would find 8 bytes, all zeroes. The first 8 bytes are used to generate the first character in the T/S 1000 character set. Think of the 8 bytes stacked one under the other and convert from decimal to binary:

(PEEK 7680)	= 0 =	0000000	1
(PEEK 7681)	= 0 =	0000000	1
(PEEK 7682)	= 0 =	0000000	
(PEEK 7683)	= 0 =	0000000	1
(PEEK 7684)		0000000	
(PEEK 7685)		0000000	1
(PEEK 7686)		0000000	1
(PEEK 7687)		0000000	-

The arrangement of characters shown in the box is how the computer "draws" the characters "space." The zeros represent blank space. Now, since each 8 bytes represents a single character, let's figure out how to find the start address of any character in the table.

10 INPUT A\$
20 LET CHARADDR = 7680+8*CODE A\$

Therefore, the start in the character generator table address of the character "A" is:

CHARADDR = 7680 + 8 * CODE "A" = 7680 + 8 * 38 = 7984

Let's see the way the computer draws this character:

```
00000000
               = 0 =
(PEEK 7984)
               = 60 =
                       00111100
(PEEK 7985)
                     01000010
(PEEK 7986)
               = 66 =
                       01000010
(PEEK 7987)
               = 66 =
                       01111110
              = 126 =
(PEEK 7988)
                       01000010
               = 66 =
(PEEK 7989)
                       01000010
               = 66 =
(PEEK 7990)
                      | 00000000 |
(PEEK 7991)
               = 0 =
```

Doesn't it look like the "A" printed on the TV screen or the printer? Here's a program to draw the characters in large letters on the screen:

5 CLS

- 10 PRINT "WHAT CHARACTER?"
- 15 INPUT A\$
- 17 IF CODE A\$ > 63 THEN GOTO 5
- 20 CLS
- 25 PRINT "GENERATOR BYTES FOR—", A\$(1)
- 26 PRINT
- 30 LET CHARADDR=7680+8*CODE A\$
- 35 PRINT TAB 5,"*******
- 40 FOR I=CHARADDR TO CHARADDR+7
- 50 LET DECIMAL=PEEK I
- 55 REM CONVERT DECIMAL VALUE TO BIT PATTERN OF CHAR
- 58 PRINT TAB 5,"*"
- 60 FOR P=7 TO 0 STEP -1
- 65 LET BIT=INT (DECIMAL/(2**P))
- 70 IF BIT=1 THEN PRINT "X";
- 75 IF BIT=0 THEN PRINT " ":
- 80 LET DECIMAL=DECIMAL-BIT*(2**P)
- 90 NEXT P
- 100 PRINT "*"
- 110 NEXT I
- 115 PRINT TAB 5,"********
- 120 PRINT
- 130 PRINT "WAITING"
- 140 PAUSE 65535
- 150 GOTO 5

Sections of this article are reprinted courtesy of The Book Company, Los Angeles, from the book <u>The Timex</u> / <u>Sinclair User's Encyclopedia</u> by 0. Phillips and J. March, 1984.

Copies of THE TIMEX/SINCLAIR USER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA are available for \$13.00 (includes shipping and handling) from Jim March, 3216 Partridge Ave., Oakland, CA., 94605 or for \$14.95 plus tax at bookstores (including Stacey's in Palo Alto and San Francisco).

N/L EXCHANGE PAGE - ATTENTION ALL USER GROUPS: If you are receiving TIMELINEZ through this program, please check to see that you are sending us your current issues. To become part of this program, contact Rita Carr at her address on the map page.

FROM THE BOSTON COMPUTER SOCIETY SUMMER T/S N/L.

PASSWORD SECURITY by John Kemeny

This article could also be titled "if you break my ode you will break my heart." The BREAK key is used to interrupt a BASIC program. The program halts with some error report on the bottom of the screen. In fact, the STOP statement is just a type of BREAK. Machine code programs ordinarily can not use the BREAK feature.

In many applications you do not want the user to be able to BREAK into your program. example, you may not want the clerk entering sales slips into a program that calculates payroll commissions to have access to sensitive salary data. But more generally, you don't users who accidentally hit BREAK to be confronted with a screenful of listings.

The T/S 2068 has a simple way to keep users from BREAKing a program, namely by inserting, as the first program line:

10 DN ERR 60 TO 10

This causes conditions which would otherwise generate an error report to execute 60 TO 10 Interestingly, a normal remination, where the program goes past the last line, will halt the program—so put a STDP statement at the end when using this technique.

Unfortunately, this simple technique prevents anvone from BREAKing a running program. A better method would allow users who knew a "secret" password to be able to stop the program. The following short routine does just that.

10 DN ERR GD TD 9000 20 REM your program here 30 GD TD 20 9000 REM password routine 9010 LET p#="secret" 9020 BEEP 1.1 9030 LET q="" 9040 LET AS-INKEYS 9050 IF as-INKEYS THEN GO TO 9050 9060 LET q#=q#+#\$ 9070 IF LEN p\$>LEN q\$ THEN 60 TO 9040 9080 IF ps=qs THEN ON ERR RESET 9090 ON ERR CONTINUE

The variable p\$ holds the password and can be changed to any string. Lines 9030 to 9070 are used to debounce the user's are used to debounce the user's input. It takes advantage of the fact that null string "" can be sided to the input q\$ at will. he BEEP at 9020 is necessary to indicate to the user to start entering the password. This is entering the password. because the BREAK feature is disabled while in the routine, so the user can get out of sync.

FROM CPT Charles R. Byler HQ USAREUR & 7th Army Box 1882 APO, NY 09063

Dear Timetimez

An interesting tidbit for TS1000.X81 owners: To load and stop auto-run machine code programs, enter as a direct command FAST, then RAND USR 838. Play the program. Program will load and stop with report code C/O.

For TS2068 owners disturbed by the lack of 5/W, simply do as I did. Replace the first 16K ROM with a Spectrum ROM. The cost or a Spectrum ROM by mail order from the UK is approximately £7 pounds (about \$91). Spectrum S/W such as Tasword, Manic Miner, etc. then runs perfectly. Savings are substantial. Tasword for the Spectrum costs £12 (about \$16); the U.S. version for the 2068 costs \$50.

OOPS

THE BANTA SOFTUARE "IS PRINTER ON OR OFF" LISTING THE T/S-1000 (PPG.66) H ERROR.

LINE 2 SHOULD READ:

POKE 16517,71

ALSO, OF COURSE, LINES 9997 AND 9998 ARE INCOMPLETE AS SHOWN, BUT EASILY FIXED.

I HAVE ADDED THIS ROUTINE TO "HI RES PRINTER GRAPHICS" (G, RUSSELL ELECTRONICS) SO THAT A MENU (ALSO ADDED TO THE PROGRAM: LETS ME KNOW IF I HAVE FORGOTTEN THE PRINTER. THIS IS VERY HANDY SINCE THIS PROGRAM CRASHES AND MUST BE RELOADED IF THE PRINTER IS OFF WHEN IT IS RUN. CRASHES AND I THE PRINTER RUN.

THANK YOU BANTA SOFTWARE.

SINCERELY,

MIKE MINUTOLI -EBZUG

SINCLAIR RESEARCH LTD. EXPANDS - OPENS NEW OFFICES IN

MIDDLE EAST AND SOUTH EAST ASIA PRESS RELEASE FROM MARY RETINMAN OF SINCLAIR RESEARCH IN BOSTON.

Sinclair Research Ltd., the British personal computer manufacturer, has recently opened sales offices to accomodate burgeoning computer markets in the Middle East and South East Asia, as part of an international expansion program. Sinclair, whose worldwide sales now exceed three million units, sees tremendous potential in both markets for its personal computers.

Sinclair already has a considerable foothold in the Middle East with an established distributor network in place. Key markets include Saudi Arabia, Egypt and the Gulf States.

Sinclair's current computer production exceeds 150,000 units per month. The company's newest model, the 68008-based QL has been sold by mail order in the UK for six months and will be available in retail stores there beginning this month, with export sales to follow.

> A COZY NOOK FOR MACHINE CODE IN THE TS2068

FROM THE CAPITOL AREA T/S USERS GRP. IN MARYLAND.

The area in RAM used for Bank switching starts at 25365, (in the single display mode) and contains 323 bytes. This space can be used to hold m chine code, so long as bank switching is not used. I have tested this area by loading it with zeros and by using it for machine code and have experienced no difficulty with the operation of the TS2068.

Unused fixed addresses are located in the system variable area at 23681, 23728-9, and 23747.

Brie Nickel

SPECTRUM ROM/SPECTRUM SOFTWARE

Considering interchanging your TS2068 ROM with the Spectrum ROM?

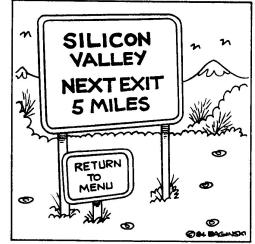
We carry a comprehensive inventory of 48K Spectrum Software - arcade, adventure, business and utilities for the TS2068/SPECTRUM.

Write for information and software brochure to:

E. McGhee Suite 150, 10127 - 121 Street EDMONTON, Alberta, Canada T5N 3X1

"Softsmiles" Presented by





Computer+Software News Ot ebhar-Friedman Inc. 425 Park Avenu New York, NY 10022

FAST, RELIABLE, EASY-TO-USE!



REPLACE YOUR CASSETTE NOW!

- Load 16K in 15 seconds
- 30 times faster than cassette
 Automatic verify with save
- · Multiple drive systems

STRINGY FLOPPY

Starter Kit \$169.50 Add \$6.50 Shipping Includes Drive 0. Manual, Operating Software, Power Supply, Cable, 5 Microwafers and Wafer Organizer

ESF Drive 2 \$99.50 ESF Owners Manual ... \$4.95

- Complete digital operation
 Saves and loads programs
- Automatic data chaining
- No rewinding or volume controls

MICRO WAFER

5 ft \$3.50 10 ft \$3 50 20 ft \$4.00 35 ft \$4 00 50 ft \$4.50

SOFTWARE Machine Language

Monitor (helps with Machine Language Programs) \$19.95

A&J Micro Drive 1050 E. Duane Ave., Suite I Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 732-9292



- ☐ Check or Money Order Enclosed ☐ C.O.D. add \$1.65
- ☐ U.P.S. Shipping cost, add \$3.00, unless otherwise specified
- □ VISA □ MASTERCARD □ CA residents add 6.5% sales tax

_ Exp date . Name _

Address . __ State _ Zip .

COMPUTER CALENDAR

OCTOBER

- Computer Swap America Santa Clara Co. Fairgrounds (415) 366-6644
- EAST BAY MEETING CHANGED 18 TO NEXT THURSDAY, 10/25/84!
- Peninsula User Group 21 ROM Switch installation (415)359-3198 1 pm.
- 25 East Bay Z80 User Group Timex/Sinclair Swap Meet (415)234-3310 7:30 pm.
- 30 Silicon Valley TS User Group (408)738-2888 X4536 7 pm.

NOVEMBER

- 3 & 4 Computer Supermarket Personal Computer Bargain Show, 10 to 5, Santa Clara County Fairgrounds, (415)340-9113.
 - 15 East Bay Z80 User Group (415)234-3310 7:30 pm.
 - 18 Peninsula User Group (415)359-3198 1 pm.
- 27 Silicon Valley TS User Group (408)738-2888 X4536 7 pm.

TIMES AND LOCATIONS MAY DIFFER, PLEASE CALL FIRST.

MEMBERSHIP SCHEDULE

FULL (NEWSLETTER AND S/W LIBRARY PRIVILEGES) \$15/YR PARTIAL (NEWSLETTER ONLY) \$10/YR For more information contact:

PENINSULA USER GROUP GEORGE MOCKRIDGE

EAST BAY Z80 USER GROUP JOEL BRODY

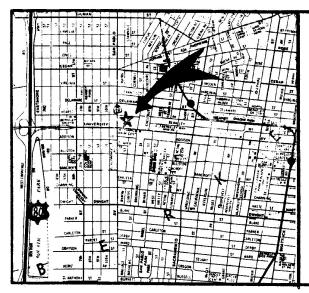
263 GATEWAY NO. 107 PACIFICA, CA 94044

3807 ELSTON DAKLAND, CA 94602

(415) 359-3198

(415) 531-6566 OR (415) 234-3310

SILICON VALLEY SINCLAIR/TIMEX USER GROUP RITA CARR P.O. BOX 4133 SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 (408) 738-2888 X4536



E B Z U G East Bay Z80 User Group 654 40th Street Richmond, CA 94805 (415) 234-3310 or 531-6566

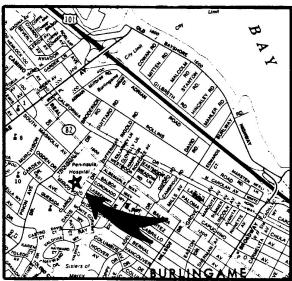
PRESIDENT Joel Brody NEUSLETTER EDITOR Rick Link

EBZUG meets the third Thursday of each month at:

UEST BRANCH BERKELEY PUBLIC LIBRARY at the corner of University and San Pablo. Heetings start at 7:30 pm. Bring equipment and power strips.

UPCOHING HEETINGS:

OCTOBER 25 NOVEMBER 15



PENINSULA USER GROUP - PUG 263 Gateway No. 187 Pacifica, CA 94844 (415) 359-3198

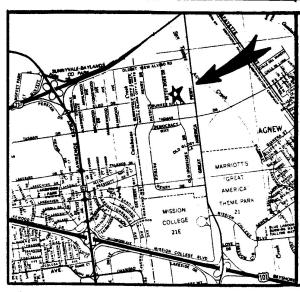
PRESIDENT George Hockridge LETTER EDITOR Frank Moura

PUG meets the third Sunday of each month at:

PENINSULA HOSPITAL, 1783 EL CAHINO, BURLINGAHE. 1 pm. Meet.room on lower level. Use Morth entrance. Bring equip. & extension cords if possible.

UPCOMING MEETINGS:

OCTOBER 21 NOVEMBER 18



Silicon Valley SINCLAIR/##### User Group (SVS/#GG) P.O. BOX 4133 Santa Clara, CA 95054-0133 (408) 738-2888 X4536

PRESIDENT Rita Carr NEUSLETTER EDITOR Bill Miller

SVS/QUG meets the last Tuesday of each month at:

Dysan Corp. Headquarters 5201 Patrick Henry Drive Santa Clara, CA

(Please use North entrance by the loading dock)

UPCOMING MEETINGS:

OCTOBER NOVEMBER 27

8-16K Switch for Cheetah 64K Rampacks by Doug Hoiles

Last year I purchased the English made Cheetah 64 kilobyte rampack for the sole reason of its very low price. Fortunately, it turned out to be a good quality unit, but with two flaws: virtually no documentation and no way to switch out the 8-16k block to enable the use of other add-on peripherals that operate from ROMs permanently wired to use this address space. This was no problem initially, but about 6 months later I purchased a word processor module with ROM software that occupied this space. Naturally they were incompatible. My options were to buy a new, smaller RAM that did not occupy this space, buy a switchable RAM for well over \$100, write only very short letters (under 2K), or figure out for myself how to modify the Cheetah to switch out the 8-16K block. I chose the latter, but considering how little I knew about computer logic, it waste easy.

this space, buy a switchable RAM for well over \$100, write only very short letters (under 2K), or figure out for myself how to modify the Cheetah to switch out the 8-16K block. I chose the latter, but considering how little I knew about computer logic, it wasn't easy.

First, I had to study the board and draw a schematic. I probably did not need the entire schematic, but not knowing what I was doing, I figured that too much information was better than not enough, so I effectively completed it. I then borrowed a Texas Instruments TTL handbook that showed the function of the logic chips in the package so I could decode the operation of the device. I also had to contact MOSTEC for information on their 64k dynamic RAMs. T still do not know how everything works, but I was able to figure out which traces had to be cut and where to attach the jumper wires to the DPDT switch which I mounted through a small hole cut in the back of the case. On the second try! I still do not know why my first try was unsuccessful, but I have two short pieces of wire rejoining traces erroneously cut that first time. It looks kind of messy, but it works.

If you wish to make this modification for the second try!

If you wish to make this modification for yourself, here is how to go about it. There are probably other ways that would work too as there are usually more than one way to do something in digital logic, but this approach works by blanking the column adjust strobe to pin 15 of all RAM chips when it would otherwise be strobing the 0-16k addresses, thus preventing "refresh" of the dynamic memory. 0-8k must also be blanked since the Sinclair ROM works in these addresses and is so blanked in the factory unit. I will not cover the theory of the logic further as that would be too lengthy, but I will be happy to discuss this with anyone who wishes to call me at (408) 737-1776, at least to the limited extent of my understanding.

First, buy the smallest double pole, double throw switch that you can find. I mounted a slide switch on the inside of the back of the case so that the slide just barely sticks above the surface of the case through the hole I cut in it. The switch stays with the board on disassembly and is secured to the case with two small wood screws which, when assembled, screw into two you could probably use sheet metal screws thru the wing holes. You will also need some short lengths of small gauge, flexible wire. I used 22

gauge wire because I had some handy, but I recommend 28 gauge stranded with thin insulation for flexibility and ease of wiring. It must, of course, be solderable.

Next, remove the board from the case. See figure 1. The top eight ICs are 64 kilobit dynamic RAMs. The bottom five ICs contain the decoding and addressing logic. The left two ICs are 74LS157s and serve primarily to direct data to or from the correct addresses in the RAMs. The next two are 74LS139s and it is in this area that you must modify the existing circuit and attach the new switch leads. Figure 2 is a front view of IC4 (showing parts of IC3 and IC5) and shows a trace which must be cut running from pin 14 of IC4, between pins 3 and 4 of IC5 to ROMCS (pin 23, bottom) on the edge connector. The other trace which must be cut its on the back of the board and is shown in figure 3 running from pin 14 of IC4 to pin 12 of IC3. Cut the leads where shown as pin 12 of IC3 and pin 14 of IC4 must be isolated from each other as well as from the edge connector.

Four wires to the switch and two jumpers on the switch all solder on the back of the board and the detail in figure 3 should be adequate to show you how to wire it. Use the schematic and the detail of the 74LS139 chip and you should where to solder. If unsure use an ohm meter to trace all leads before cutting or attaching your leads. All that you are doing is changing the ROMCS output signal from pin 12 to pin 13 of IC3 in the "out" position and back to pin 12 in the "in" position. In both switch positions, this output signal goes to pin 14 of IC4 and to the edge connector.

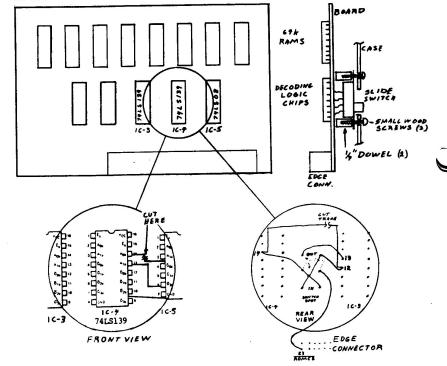
I should point out a possible problem before

edge connector.

I should point out a possible problem before turning you loose. While my word processor module works fine occupying this address space with the switch in the "out" position, my Hunter CMOS RAM board does not. It works fine by itself, but not with the Cheetah. I have not yet taken the time to determine if it is a decoding problem with my modification or an unrelated problem, but if you wish to make the modification for this use, you may want to investigate further before acting.

tion for this use, you may want to investigate further before acting.

As with any modifications to hardware, I take no responsibility if it does not work, you do it wrong or if Cheetah may have modified the circuit so things are possibily not as described (unlikely). Work slowly, be careful, understand before you cut, check with someone else before acting if you have any doubts and you should have no problems.



SUNSET

NEU FOR THE 2068

TASUORD

64 Column Word Processor \$49.95

TASUIDE

64 Column Screen Display \$19.95 WE CLEANED OUT
THE TIMEX
WAREHOUSE!

5/u For \$1-\$5

SUPER LOW PRICES!!

ELECTRONICS

SPECIAL CLOSEOUT ON ALL MINDUARE 5/U FOR 1000/1500

\$1-\$5 (Fasticad)

MODEMS NOW HERE FOR ALL TIMEX COMPUTERS

COMPLETE SELECTION OF TIMEX/SINCLAIR SOFTWARE SUNSET ELECTRONICS (415) 665-8330

2254 Taraval St., San Francisco, CA 94116 Monday through Saturday 10-6 •



GRAPHING DATA by Donald H. Marks

This listing is from an article in last month's Timelinez and is printed with permission from ZX - COMPUTING.

The listing begins at 8900 to allow Graph-It to be merged on top of the spreadsheet program Screencalc by Banta Software.

```
8900 REM GRAPHICS SUBPROGRAM
8901 BORDER 3: PAPER 6: INK 1: C
  8981 BURDER 3: PHPER 6: INK 1: C

LS

8983 POKE 23658,8

8906 PRINT AT 1,3; ERAPH IT BY

PAUL BATES

8989 PRINT AT 3,11; HENU

8912 PRINT AT 7,2; 1-ENTER DATA

8915 PRINT AT 7,2; 2-CHOOSE DOT

CHARACTER

8918 PRINT AT 9,2; 3-CHOOSE PLOT

TYPE

1821 BOINT AT 11 2: "A-DOOM COOM
  8921 PRINT AT 11,2;"4-DRAW GRAPH
  8924 PRINT AT 13,2; "S-REGRESSION
  AMALYSIS"
8927 PRINT AT 15,2; "6-RETURN TO SPREADSHEET"
8928 PRINT AT 17,2; "7-9UIT PROGR
9928 PRINT AT 17,2; "7-9UIT PROGR PH"

8930 PRINT AT 21,1; "ENTER OPTION

-0 RETURNS TO HENU"

9933 IMPUT 28

9936 IF Z$," 7" THEN GO TO 8933

8937 LET A-UAL Z$

8938 CS

8939 IF A=1 THEN GO TO 8954

8948 IF A=2 THEN GO TO 9161

8941 IF A=3 THEN GO TO 9212

8942 IF A=4 THEN GO TO 9242

8944 IF A=5 THEN GO TO 9437

8944 IF A=6 THEN GO TO 9467

8945 IF A=7 THEN GO TO 9467

8945 IF A=7 THEN GO TO 10

8954 BORDER 2: PAPER 1: DNK 7: C

LS

8957 DIN B(S0): DIN X(3,50): DIN Y(3,50): DIN B(10)

: DIN C$(10): DIN D$(1)

8960 PRINT AT 1,5; "INCOMPARINTRY"

8960 PRINT AT 1,5; "INCOMPARINTRY"

8960 PRINT AT 1,5; "INCOMPARINTRY"

8963 LET G=0: LET H=0
  8963 LET G-0: LET H=0
8963 LET G-0: LET H=0
8966 IMPUT AT 3,2; "MUMBER OF LIN
ES = ";LINES
8969 FOR J=1 TO LINES
8972 PRINT AT 3,2; "MUMBER OF DAT
A PAIRS FOR LINE # ";J;" IS:
A PAIRS FOR LINE 1 ".j," IS:

8975 BEEP .5,28: IMPUT B(J)
8976 IF B(J) = THEN SO TO 1152
8981 PRINT AT 4,8;B(J)
8984 FOR I=1 TO B(J)
8987 PRINT AT 5,5;"X";I;"="
8998 IMPUT X(J,I)
8995 BEEP .1,28
8999 PRINT AT 16,5;"Y";I;"="
9002 IMPUT Y(J,I)
9005 BEEP .1,28
9099 PRINT AT 10,9;Y(J,I)
9006 BEEP .1,28
9011 PRINT AT 5,9;" ": PRINT
AT 10,9;"
9011 PRINT AT 5,9;" ": PRINT
AT 10,9;"
9014 MEXT I
9022 PRINT AT 12,1;"ENTER SRAPH
TITLE "
9022 IMPUT AT 12,20;A$
9029 PRINT AT 14,1;"ENTER X-AXIS
LABEL"
9022 IMPUT B$
9023 IMPUT B$
9023 IMPUT B$
  9829 PRINT HT 12,2%,H$
LABEL
9832 INPUT B$
9833 PRINT AT 14,2%;B$
9833 PRINT AT 16,1; EMTER Y-AXIS
1833 PRINT AT 16,1; EMTER Y-AXIS
1841 INPUT C$
9844 PRINT AT 16,2%;C$
9844 PRINT AT 16,2%;C$
9844 PRINT AT 18,1; X-MIN= "
9858 INPUT AT 18,1; X-MIN= "
9858 INPUT AT 18,7;C
9858 PRINT AT 18,7;C
9858 PRINT AT 18,7;C
9858 PRINT AT 18,7;C
9859 PRINT AT 18,18;D
9862 PRINT AT 28,1; "Y-MIN= "
9863 PRINT AT 28,7;E
9874 PRINT AT 28,7;E
9877 INPUT F
9877 INPUT F
9877 INPUT F
9878 PRINT AT 28,7;E
9889 PRINT AT 5,2;"X AXIS MARK I
MTERVAL IS "
9898 PRINT AT 5,2;"Y AXIS MARK I
NTERVAL IS "
9898 PRINT AT 5,2;"Y AXIS MARK I
INTERVAL IS "
```

```
9181 IMPUT Z
9184 PRINT AT 10,28; Z
9187 PRUSE 188
9118 CLS: PRINT AT 5,1; "DO YOU"
UISH TO HAVE A SUP! OF
9113 PRINT AT 7,1; THE PATA PRIS
5 ENTERSO"
9116 PRINT AT 11,2; DWERSE 1; F
LASH 1; "ENTER Y OR N"
9112 IF D$\(\circ\)" THEN GO TO 8988
9125 LPRINT TAB 6; "LITLE:"; A$
9128 LPRINT TAB 6; "LITLE:"; A$
9131 FOR J=1 TO LIMES
9134 LPRINT AT 3,2; "DATA SET $ "
\(\circ\)"
       9137 LPRINT TAB 18; "X"; TAB 21; "Y
       9148 LPRINT TAB 9; "---"; "
   9143 FOR I=1 TO B(J)
9146 LPRIMT TAB 9;X(J,I);"
9149 MEXT I
9152 LPRIMT: LPRIMT
9153 MEXT J
9158 GO TO 8986
9161 BORDER 4: PAPER 6: INK 2: C
   9158 SD 10 8988
9161 BORDER 4: PAPER 6: INK 2: C
L5
9164 REM CHARRCTER LETTER IS 6
9167 PRINT AT 1,5; "GHERREWHELESIE
23": DIM G(58)
9178 PRINT AT 4,2; "OPTION 1: ."
9173 PRINT AT 8,2; "OPTION 2: *"
9175 PRINT AT 8,2; "OPTION 3: ."
9176 PRINT AT 12,2; "OPTION 3: ."
9179 POR J=1 TO LINES
9182 PRINT AT 14,1; INVERSE 1; F
LASH 1; "ENTER YOUR CHOICE FOR LI
NE * ",J;" (1,2, OR 3) "
9183 INPUT G(J)
9183 INPUT G(J)
9185 INPUT G(J)
9186 IF 6(J)=1 THEN LET 6(J)=42
9191 IF 6(J)=2 THEN LET 6(J)=43
9191 IF 6(J)=2 THEN LET 6(J)=43
9197 PRINT AT 18,18; "YOUR CHOICE
IS "
9280 PRINT AT 18,18; CHR$ G(J)
9291 BORDER 5: PAPER 7: INK 2: C
L5
S215 PRINT AT 1,5; "FROM PHONES
     9212 BORDER 5: PAPER 7: INK 2: C
15
9215 PRINT AT 1,5; ***INECUTATION CE
9215 PRINT AT 1,5; ***INECUTATION CE
9216 PRINT AT 5,2; ***OPTION 1: POI
175 ONLY**
9221 PRINT AT 15,2; ***OPTION 2: PO
1875 JOINED BY**
9224 PRINT AT 11,12; **STRAIGHT LI
185**
9227 PRINT AT 11,4; INVERSE 1; F
1854 I; **ENTER YOUR CHOICE**
9230 IMPUT H
9233 IF H<0 OR H)2 THEN GO TO 92
273 IF H<0 OR H)2 THEN GO TO 92
273 IF H<0 OR H)2 THEN GO TO 92
9236 GO TO 8500
9239 IF H=8 THEN LET G=1
9248 IF G=0 THEN LET H=1
9248 IF G=0 THEN LET J=32
9248 POT I,J; DASHU 8,120
9254 LET K=17
9257 PLOT I,J; DASHU 8,120
9258 LET L=(F-E)/Z
9268 FOR A=1 TO L
9268 LET J=J**INT (120/L)
9269 PLOT I,J; DASHU -3,0
9275 IF F>0 THEN LET L=((E-F)/Z):
1 F F(0 THEN LET L=((E-F)/Z):
1 F F(0 THEN LET L=((E-F)/Z):
1 P298 LET G=E
9281 PLOT I,J; DASHU -3,0
9275 IF F>0 THEN LET L=((E-F)/Z):
1 P298 LET G=E
9281 PLOT I,J; DASHU -3,0
9275 IF F>0 THEN LET L=((E-F)/Z):
1 P299 LET K=(N-(17/(L+1)))
9293 LET G=(0+Z)
9299 LET K=(N-(17/(L+1)))
9293 LET G=(0+Z)
9305 FOR R=1 TO L+1
9298 LET L=(D-C)/Y
9308 LET I=I+INT (200/L2)
93011 PLOT I,J; DASHU 8,-3
9305 FOR R=1 TO L2
9308 LET I=I+INT (200/L2)
9311 PLOT I,J; DASHU 8,-3
             US
9215 PRINT AT 1,5; FROT CHOICE
```

```
9317 IF D:0 THEN LET L2=(D-C) /Y:
IF D:0 THEN LET L2=(D-C) /Y) #-1
1F D(0 THEN LET L2=((D-C) //)*-1
9320 LET K2=5: LET U=C
9323 FOR A=1 TO L2+1
9326 PRINT AT 19, K2; U
9329 LET U=(U+Y)
9332 LET K2=DNT K2+(30/(L2+1))
9335 MEXT A
9338 PRINT AT 21,8;8$
9344 LET H=6
9344 LET H=6
9344 FOR 1=1 TO 10
9359 PRINT AT 10,8;8$
9344 PRINT AT 10,8;8$
9344 LET H=6
9344 LET H=6
9344 FOR 1=1 TO 10
9359 LET M=H+1
9358 NEXT I
9359 LET M=H+1
9359 LET M=0: LET M2=M2+E
9365 NEXT I
9368 FOR J=1 TO LIMES
9368 FOR J=1 TO LIMES
9377 LET P0=32: LET 00=48
9374 FOR A=1 TO 8 (J)
9377 LET 0=((X(J,A)-M)/(D-M))
9388 LET D=((Y(J,A)-M2)/(F-N2))
14
9366 LET P=INT ((P-17)*-1)
     9388 LET 0=INT ((0425)+3)
14
9383 LET P=((Y(J,R)-M2)/(F-M2))+
14
9386 LET P=INT ((P-17)*-1)
9389 PRINT RT P,0;CHR$ 6(J)
9392 IF H=2 THEN 60 TO 9484
9395 MEXT A
9398 MEXT A
9398 MEXT J
9481 GO TO 9425
9483 REM JOIN LIMES
9484 LET Z5=1
9487 LET D1=INT (((P/21)-1)*-175
): LET 01=(0+8)
9419 PLOT 08,P8
9413 DARW (01-08),(P1-P8)
9419 PLOT 08,P8
9413 DARW (01-08),(P1-P8)
9416 LET P8=P1: LET 08=01
9428 O TO 9395
9425 DIN E$(1): IMPUT "COPY (Y/N ) ? ";E$
9428 IF E$="M" THEN GO TO 18
9437 BORDER 6: PAPPER 4: DNK 8: C
LS
9434 GO TO 3998
9437 BORDER 6: PAPPER 4: DNK 8: C
LS
               LS
9444 PRINT AT 1,6; "LINEAR REGRES
5100"
9443 PRINT AT 4,2; "TEST NAME IS
. ":84
          $\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac
               9500 PRINT AT 8,2; THE INTERCEPT 15: ",53 9503 PRINT AT 10,2; "HENCE THE E0 UNTION IS: " 9506 PRINT AT 12,5; "Y= ",M3;" * X + ",53 9509 PRINT AT 14,1; "THE CORRELAT ION COEFFICIENT IS: ",R3 9512 PRINT AT 18,2; " $3002 Y/N
                  9518 DIM J$(1): IMPUT J$
9521 IF J$()"Y" THEN GO TO 9528
9524 PRIMT RT 18,2;"
                  9527 COPY
9528 NEXT J
9538 60 TO 8988
```

T/S UPDATE **

George Mockridge recieved his ROM switch kit in the mail Monday the 9th and will be installing it at the PUG meeting, 10/21. be \$54.95 at Sunset after the 20th. TO BE REVIEWED NEXT ISSUE

SMART TERM II modem software for the Westridge 2050 Modem is now available for \$29.95 on tape from Sunset Electronics. TO BE REVIEWED NEXT ISSUE

Sunset Electronics currently has 24 Spectrum programs including Ant Attack that will run on your 2068 with the help of an emulator or a Spectrum ROM.

EBZUG screwed up! Their swap meet scheduled for 10/18 will be postponed one week to 10/25, same See you there! Incation.

PLEASE HELP US IDENTIFY OTHER T/S MARDHAGE-OFFTWARE SOURCES

SPECIAL NOTICE

AT THE NEXT PUG MEETING: We will open up a 2068 and install one of the new ROMSWITCH devices from Russell Electronics. The ROMSWITCH will let you run most of the Spectrum 5/W on the 2068.

We will also look inside the 2068 and point out the screws that can be used to adjust color and overcome the "crawlies" that occur on some computers. that

TIMELINEZ P.O. BOX 1312 PACIFICA CA 94044 Newsletter & GEORGE Coordinator & MOCKRIDGE eitors EBZUG PUG EVSTUG RICK LINK FRANK MOURA BILL MILLER vertising PUG SUSTUG ∞ NORM LEHFELDT ∞ RITA CARR Circulation . PARIS MOURA ADVERTISING SCHEDULE Pull Page \$80 Half Page \$40 1/4 Page \$25 1/8 Page \$15 Published monthly by the Timex/Sinclair User groups in the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose areas. Sent to all current members. %15 dues paid to local group. Publishing deadline is the first weekend of each month. All correspondence should be mailed to the address above. All Trademarks, etc. are protected including the TIMELINEZ name. Non copyrighted material may be used in other NONPROFIT newsletters if credit is given to the source.

Mountaineer Software

115 North 7th Avenue Paden City, MV 26159 (304) 337-8502

ANNOUNCING !!!

A great way to get the BESI use of your T/S modem, and keep up to date on the latest T/S mems!

The RIVER CITIES SMART BBS

(304) 652-1416

The RIVER CITIES SMART BBS is a free bulletin board that has a Special Interest Broup (SIG) especially for Timex/Binclair users.

Here are a few of the features of the Timex SIG on the RIVER CITIES SMART BBS:

- A fully equipped Message Center (Leave messages to other T/S users around the country!)
- Bulletins with current news of interest to T/S users
- An Information Center (with Articles, product reviews, a National list of T/B User Broups, and more!)

And, when the SMART II software is available:
- Programs that you can upload right into your computer!

Best of all, the RIVER CITIES SMART 396 is FREE !

The RIVER CITIES SMART BOS is open 24 hours, 7 days a week at (304) 652-1416. Bive us a call, and try us out!

P.S. When you call, leave me a message, in care of TIMEX SYBOP!

CONTROL OF THE CO

T I H E L I N E Z _____ P.O. BOX 1312 PROSTETCO, CA 94844 PACIFICA, CA 200